**German Expansionism Reading Guide**

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| ***Section*** | ***Vocab Terms*** | ***Concepts*** |
| **2.2****Nazism and German Foreign Policy, 1918 - 33** |

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| * Kaiser Wilhelm II
* Woodrow Wilson (USA) & “Wilsonian Idealism”
* Wilson’s Fourteen Points
* Georges Clemenceau (FR)
* David Lloyd George (GB)
* Weimar Republic
* Treaty of Versailles
* “Stab in the Back” theory
* Adolf Hitler
* National Socialist German Worker’s Party (NSDAP aka Nazi Party)
* *Sturmabteilung* **(SA)**
* Ernst Rohm
* Spartacist Rebellion 1919
* Kapp Putsch 1920
* Munich Putsch 1923
 | * Treaty of Rapallo (Germany and Russia) 1922
* Mein Kampf
* *Lebensraum*
* *Volkisch*
* Pan-Germanism (*Gross Deutschland)*
* Aryan Race
* Ruhr Occupation/Crisis
* Hyperinflation
* Gustav Streseman
* Dawes Plan 1924
* Young Plan 1929
* Wall Street Crash 1929 & Great Depression
* Reichstag Fire 1933
* Enabling Act 1933
* President Hindenburg
* Night of the Long Knives 1934
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 | * Explain Germany’s position at the end of WWI
* Discuss German, French, British, and American perspectives at the Treaty of Versailles
* Outline Wilson’s 14 Points
* Outline key articles of the Treaty of Versailles
* Identify German territorial losses on a map
* Describe the instability of the German government in the years immediately following Versailles
* Describe Nazi ideology with regards to racial theory and Hitler’s foreign policy
* Describe attempts at German economic recovery and international integration in the mid-late 1920’s
* Describe how Hitler established his dictatorship in Germany
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| **2.4****German Expansion 1933 – 38****(Challenges to Versailles)** |

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| * Non-Aggression Pact with Poland 1934
* Geneva Disarmament Conference
* Assassination of Englebert Dolfuss (Dolfuss Affair)
* Saar Plebiscite, January 1935
* German Rearmament
* Anglo-German Naval Agreement 1936
* Herman Goering
* *Luftwaffe*
 | * Remilitarization of the Rhineland
* Franco-Soviet Mutual Assistance Treaty 1936
* Rome-Berlin Axis
* Anti-Comintern Pact, November 1936
* Autarky
* Four Year Plan
* Hossbach Memorandum
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 | * Examine ways in which Hitler challenged the post-war settlement
* Discuss the effect(s) of the distractions and differences of other powers, particularly Britain and France, in Hitler’s success
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| **2.5****German Expansion****1938 - 40** |

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| * *Anschluss* with Austria 1938
* Chancellor Kurt Schuschnigg (Austria)
* Sudetenland
* Konrad Heinlein (Sudeten German)
* Edvard Benes (Czech)
* Munich Crisis / Sudeten Crisis
 | * Neville Chamberlain (Britain)
* Munich Agreement
* Appeasement
* German invasion of Czechoslovakia
* Danzig
* Polish Corridor
* Nazi-Soviet Pact 1939
* Anglo-Polish Treaty
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 | * Describe the events that led to German *Anschluss* with Austria
* Assess appeasement as Britain’s strategy towards German expansionism
* Evaluate Hitler’s success in carrying out his foreign policy aims
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Read p. 155 – 169